

Symmetries for Cube-and-conquer in Finite Model Finding

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27 August 2023, Toronto, CP 2023

First Order Logic for Algebra

- First Order Logic:
a language to represent classes of algebras
- **Example:** Semigroups

$$(\forall xyz)((x * y) * z = x * (y * z))$$

- but also more complicated expressions:

$$(\exists xy)(x * y \neq y * x)$$
$$(\forall xz)((x * r(x)) * z = z)$$

Finiteness and Orders

Example: Binary operation $*$
on domain $\{0, 1\}$
(a semigroup of **order 2**):

$*$	0	1
0	0	1
1	1	0

Some FOL formulas only have **infinite** models

$$\begin{aligned} &(\forall x \forall y)(g(x) = g(y) \Rightarrow x = y) \\ &(\exists x \forall y)(g(y) \neq x) \end{aligned}$$

The Task

Given: A FOL ϕ

Given: Fixed order $n \in \mathbb{N}^+$

Calculate:

An algebra of order n satisfying ϕ

Or **Calculate:**

All **non-isomorphic** algebras of order n satisfying ϕ

Isomorphism

Operations $*$ and \diamond are **isomorphic**
iff there is a bijection f , s.t.

$$f(x * y) = f(x) \diamond f(y)$$

equivalently: $x * y = f^{-1}(f(x) \diamond f(y))$

Example

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} \vee & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} f(x) = 1 - x \\ \text{Handshake} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c|cc} \wedge & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

Searching for Finite Models

- Convert to SAT/CP (Paradox)
- **Dedicated solver** (**Mace4**)
 - ▶ Skolemize
 - ▶ Ground
 - ▶ Backtracking + propagation
 - ▶ Symmetries? — **Least Number Heuristic**
- Dedicated solvers especially good for enumerating all solutions

The Least Number Heuristic (LNH)

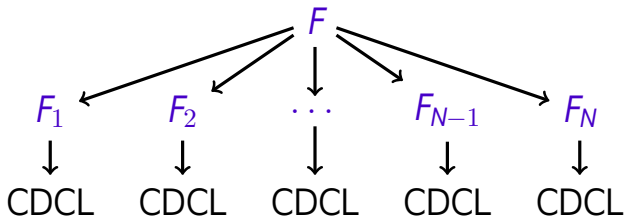


*	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	2	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
2	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
...	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?

Isomorphism Inherent Issue in Search

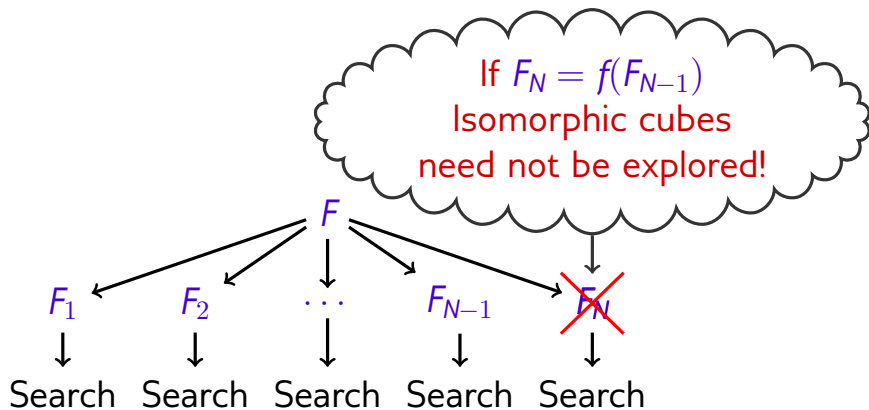
- For semigroups order 7, Mace4 generates 1,021,120,198 models,
- with 1,627,672 non-isomorphic $\approx 0.16\%$
- How to **reduce** amount of isomorphic models?
- How to **parallelize**?

Cube and Conquer on SAT



- F_i partition F .
- $F_i \equiv l_1 \wedge l_2 \cdots \wedge l_{k_i}$ (a **cube**)
- Different solver may be used for finding F_i .

Cube and Conquer for Finite Models



- F_i partition F .
- $F_i \equiv l_1 \wedge l_2 \cdots \wedge l_{k_i}$, where $l_j \equiv c_1 * c_2 = v$

Isomorphic Cubes

- $\langle 0 * 0 = 0 \rangle$ isomorphic to $\langle 1 * 1 = 1 \rangle$
- $\langle 8 * 2 = 7 \rangle$ isomorphic to $\langle 0 * 1 = 2 \rangle$
- $\langle 0 * 0 = 0; 1 * 1 = 0 \rangle$ isomorphic to $\langle 0 * 0 = 1; 1 * 1 = 1 \rangle$.
- $\langle 0 * 0 = 0; 1 \diamond 1 = 0 \rangle$ isomorphic to $\langle 0 \diamond 0 = 1; 1 * 1 = 1 \rangle$.

LNH Meets Cube Isomorphism



Can we use LNH with cube pruning?

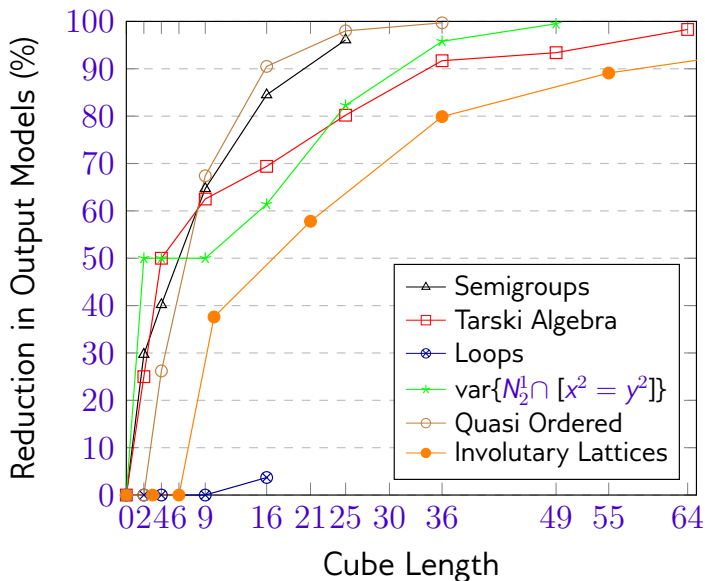
Prove:

- For any isomorphic B_1 and $B_2 \dots$
- for any search strategy of the solver \dots
- LNH search on B_1 gives only models isomorphic to the LNH search on B_2 .
- **Remark:** Since we also care about enumeration, equisatisfiability is not enough.

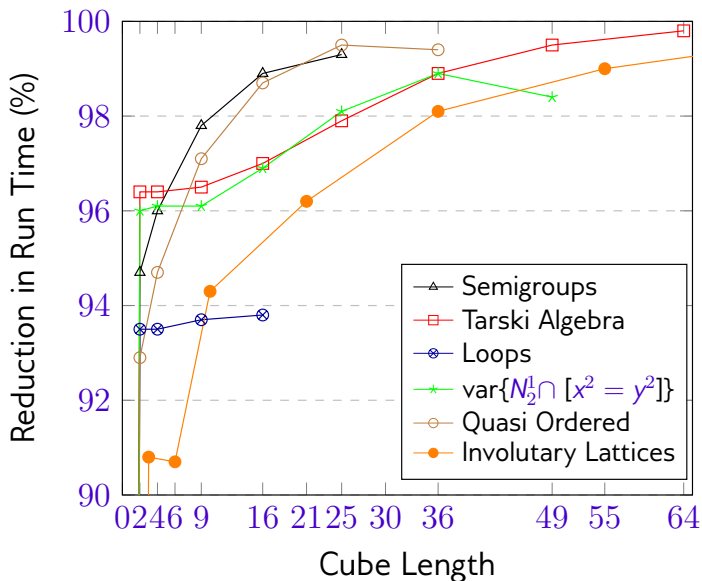
Implementation

- On top of Mace4
- Work stealing — re-distribute workload
- Isomorphic cubes removal
 - ▶ at fixed lengths ($k, 2^k, 3^k, \dots$)
 - ▶ invariants — divide cubes into buckets
 - ▶ rest, brute-force isocheck

Experiments Isomorph Reduction



Experiments Time Reduction



Summary

- Cube and conquer for finite model finding:
 - ▶ Parallelization
 - ▶ Removal of isomorphic cubes
- Without sacrificing existing breaker LNH
- Significant speed up and model reduction

What next?

- Better isomorphic cube removal?
- Optimal cube length?
- Optimal cube contents?